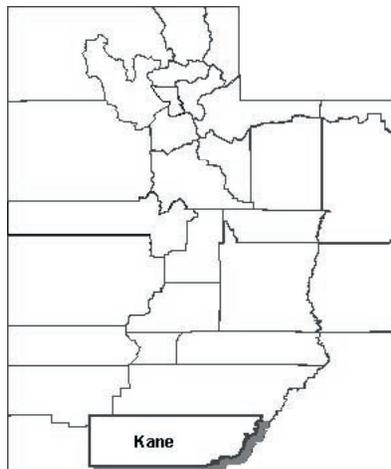


# Kane County

## Population, Employment, and Income Profiles and Trends

*Prepared for the:*  
**Dixie, Fishlake & Manti-La Sal National Forests  
Forest Plan Revision  
Social and Economic Assessment**



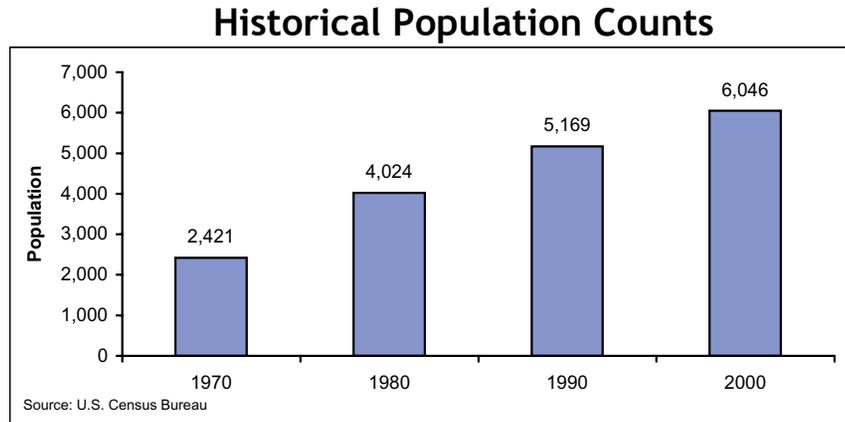
**Utah Governor's Office  
of Planning and Budget**  
116 State Capitol  
Salt Lake City, Utah 84114  
(801) 538-1027  
[www.planning.utah.gov](http://www.planning.utah.gov)

**December  
2003**



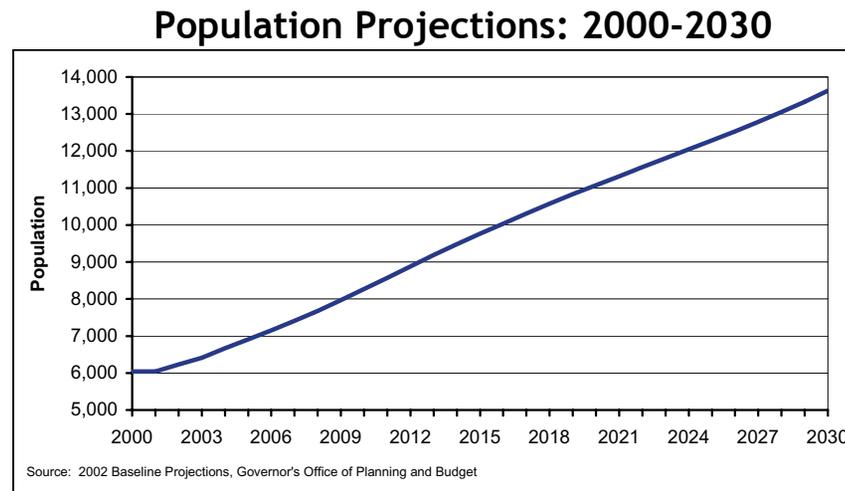
**Historical Population Counts: 1970-2000  
Kane County**

Kane County grew 66% from 1970 to 1980, 28% from 1980 to 1990 and 17% from 1990 to 2000.



**Population Projections: 2000-2030  
Kane County**

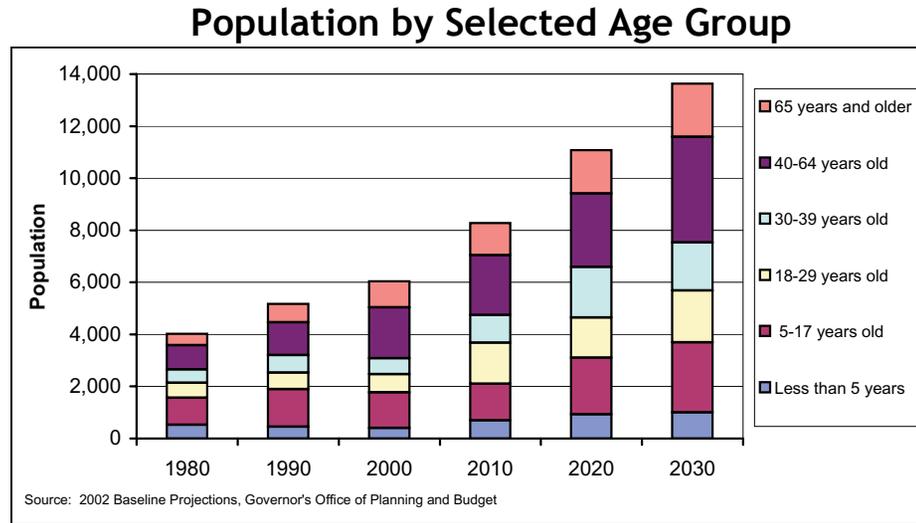
According to state projections, Kane County's population is expected to grow at an average annual rate of approximately 2.7% through 2030. Its 2003 population is estimated to be 5,937.



Note: Official 2002 State projections were produced using the Utah Process Economic and Demographic Model, which utilizes demographic and employment projections.

**Population by Selected Age Group  
Kane County: 1980-2030**

Since 1980, Kane County has experienced growth in the 40-64 age group. This trend is expected to continue through 2030 along with growth in the 5-17 age group.

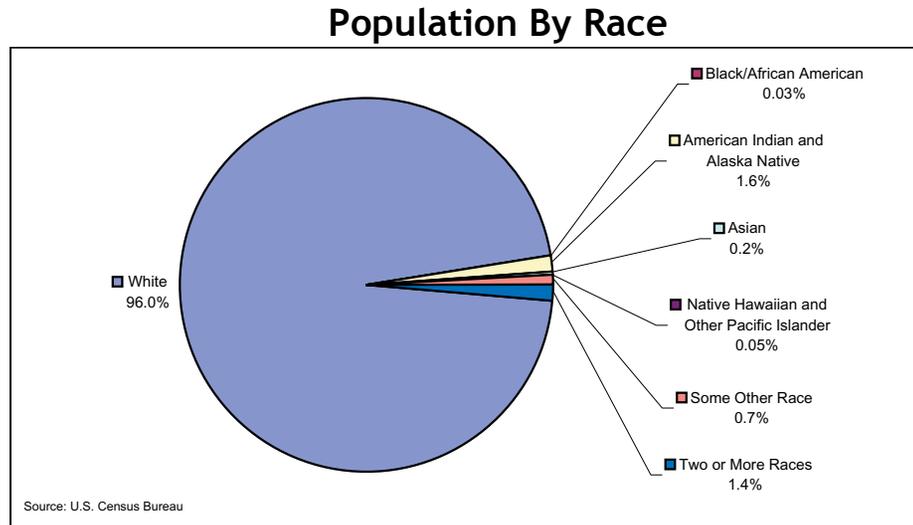


**5 Most Populous Cities  
Kane County: 1990-2002**

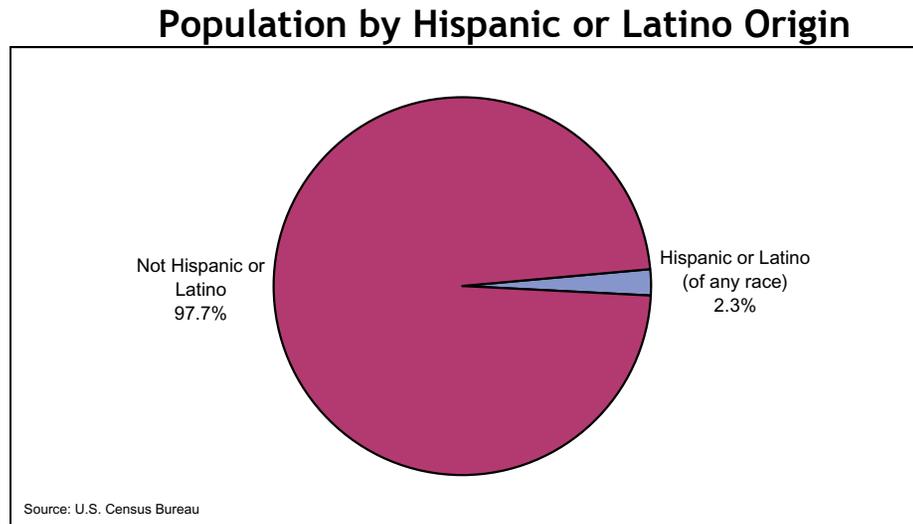
Area	1990	2000	2002	Absolute Change	Percent Change
				2000-2002	
<b>Kane County</b>	5,169	6,046	6,121	75	1.2%
Kanab city	3,289	3,564	3,566	2	0.1%
Orderville town	422	596	604	8	1.3%
Big Water town	326	417	423	6	1.4%
Glendale town	282	355	352	-3	-0.8%
Alton town	93	134	135	1	0.7%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

**Population by Race  
Kane County: 2000**



**Population by Hispanic or Latin Origin  
Kane County: 2000**

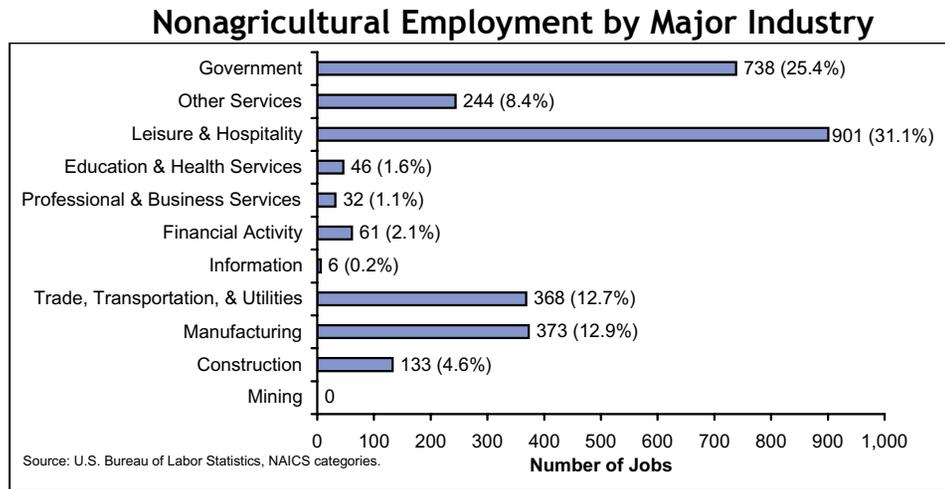


Note: Ethnicity is a different measure of heritage and an ethnic group can span different races. For example, a person of Hispanic origin may be classified as White, Black/African American or another race. Hispanic populations have historically been undercounted in the US Census, so this figure may contain inaccuracies.

### Nonagricultural Employment by Major Industry: 2001 Kane County

Leisure and Hospitality is the largest industry in Kane County, followed by Government.

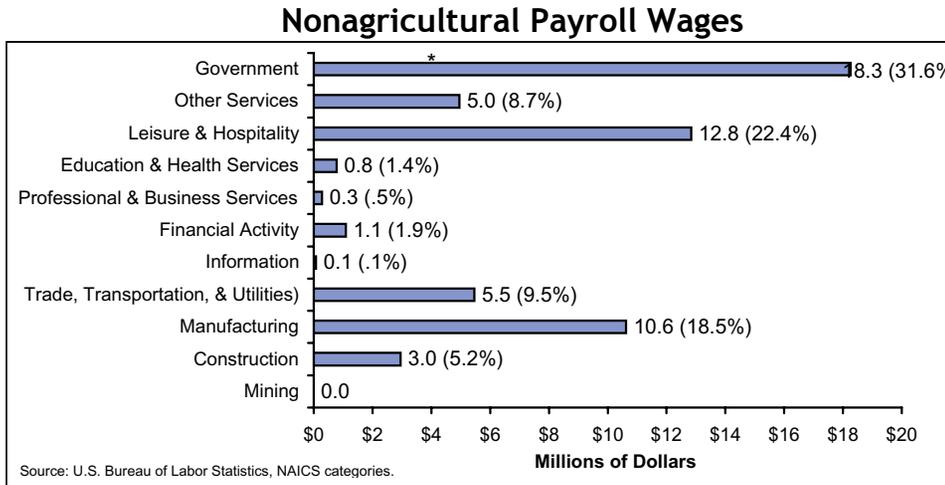
Note: Agriculture is not measured by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and is shown instead on p. 5.



### Nonagricultural Payroll Wages by Major Industry: 2001 Kane County

Average Monthly Wages Statewide:

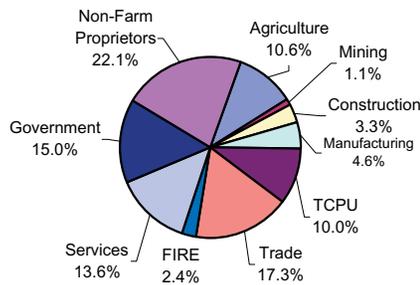
Government	\$2,653
Other Services	\$1,854
Leisure & Hospitality	\$1,115
Education & Health Services	\$2,294
Professional & Business Services	\$2,814
Financial Activity	\$3,139
Information	\$3,329
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	\$2,395
Manufacturing	\$3,068
Construction	\$2,563
Mining	\$4,122
Total Average Wage	\$2,510



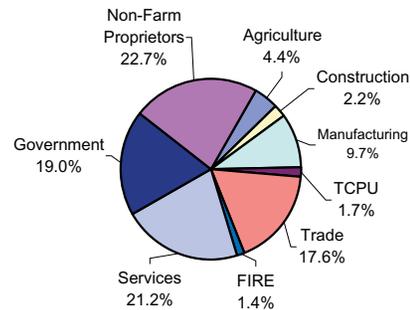
## Kane County Employment by Industry: Past, Present, and Future

As a share of total employment, the Service sector has increased 7.6% since 1980 and is projected to increase its share in the Kane County economy.

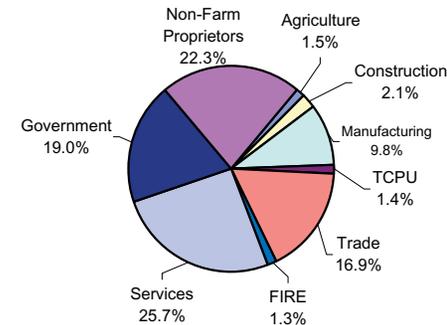
**Historical Industry Share of Total Employment: 1980**



**Current Industry Share of Total Employment: 2002**



**Projected Industry Share of Total Employment: 2030**



Source: 2002 Baseline Projections, Governor's Office of Planning and Budget, SIC categories.

**Agriculture** (Agricultural, forestry, and fishing services) includes all farming activity as well as businesses engaged in agricultural production, forestry, commercial fishing, hunting and trapping, and related services.

**Mining** includes the extraction of minerals occurring naturally, quarrying, well operations, milling, preparation at the mine site, and exploration and development of mineral properties. **Construction** includes new work, additions, alterations, reconstruction, installations, and repairs of structures.

**Manufacturing** includes the processing of materials (products of agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and quarrying) into new products. Examples include food, textiles, mineral processing, lumber, wood products, furniture, paper, machinery, and appliances.

**T.C.P.U.** (Transportation, communications and public utilities) includes passenger and freight transportation, communications services, electricity, gas, steam, water and sanitary services and all establishments of the United States Postal Service.

**Trade** includes all wholesale and retail trade. Wholesale trade includes the selling of goods to retailers or other wholesalers. Wholesalers maintain inventories of goods, extend credit; physically assemble, sort, and grade goods in large lots, break bulk goods into smaller lots and advertise. Retail trade includes the selling of goods for personal or household consumption and rendering services incidental to the sale of the goods. Examples include groceries, hardware, drug store, and other specialty stores.

**F.I.R.E.** (Finance, insurance, and real estate) includes business that operate in the fields of finance, insurance, and real estate, such as banks, investment companies, insurance agents and brokers; real estate buyers, sellers, and developers.

**Services** include businesses engaged in providing a wide variety of services for individuals, business, government, and other organizations. Examples include hotels; health, legal, engineering, and professional services; and educational institutions.

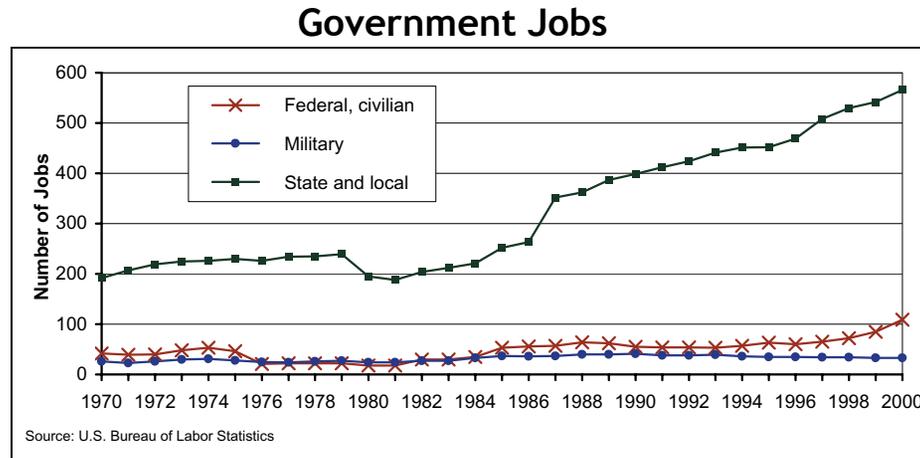
**Government** includes all Federal, state, and local government employees involved in executive, legislative, judicial, administrative and regulatory activities.

**Non-farm proprietors** include businesses that operate in a number of trades that are sole ownership or partnerships that have tax-exempt employees. Thus they do not have to report wages in the same manner as other businesses and are harder to categorize.

**Source:** Employment Sectors defined according to Standard Industry Classification Manual (SIC), 1987.

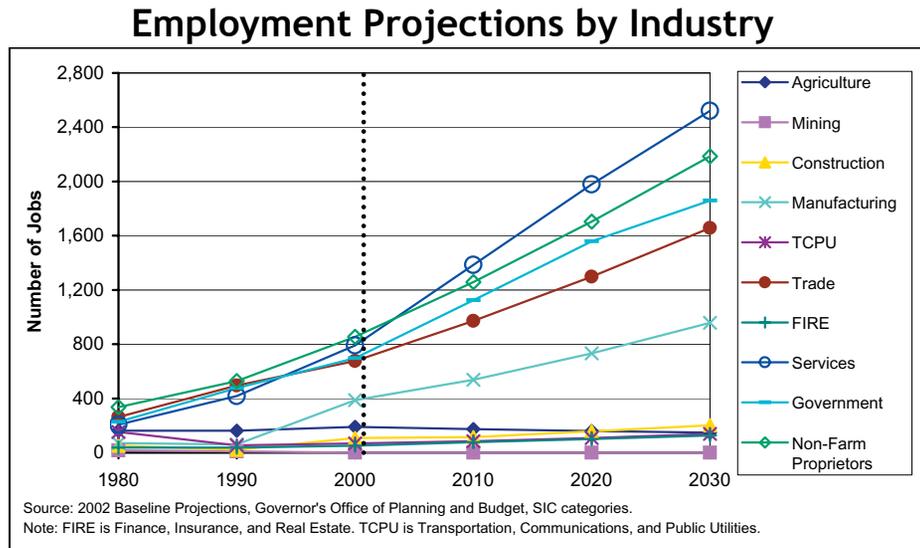
**Government Jobs: 1970-2000  
Kane County**

Following national trends, growth in Government sector jobs has predominantly been at the state and local levels.

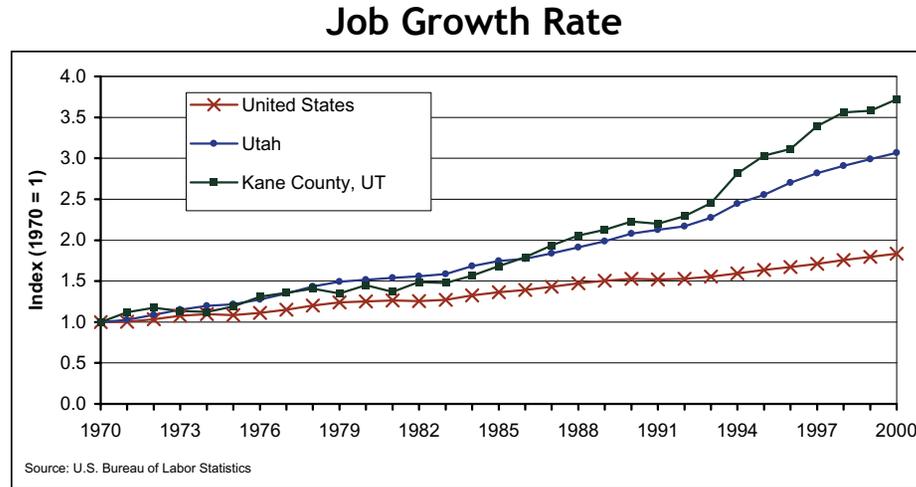


**Employment Projections: 1980-2030  
Kane County**

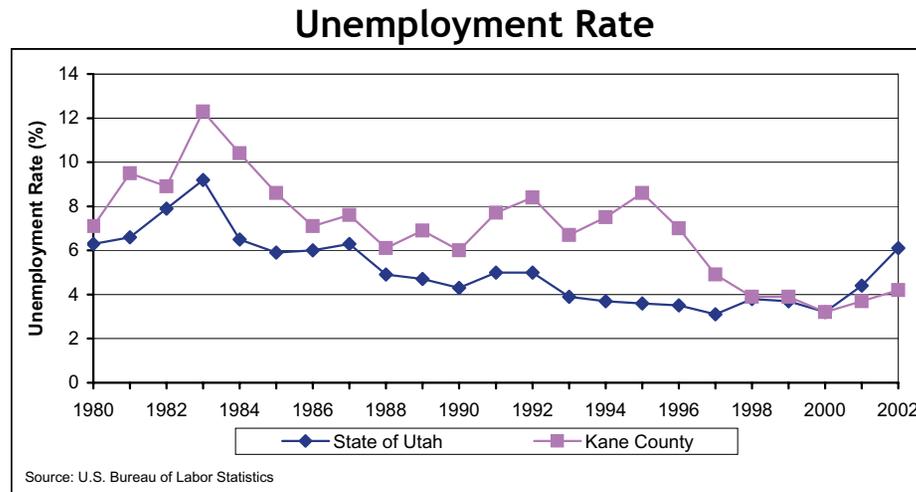
The Services, Non-Farm Proprietors, and Government sectors are projected to create the most jobs in Kane County between 2000 and 2030.



**Job Growth Rate: 1970-2000**  
**Kane County vs. State vs. Nation**  
 Kane County has outpaced the state in employment growth since 1985.



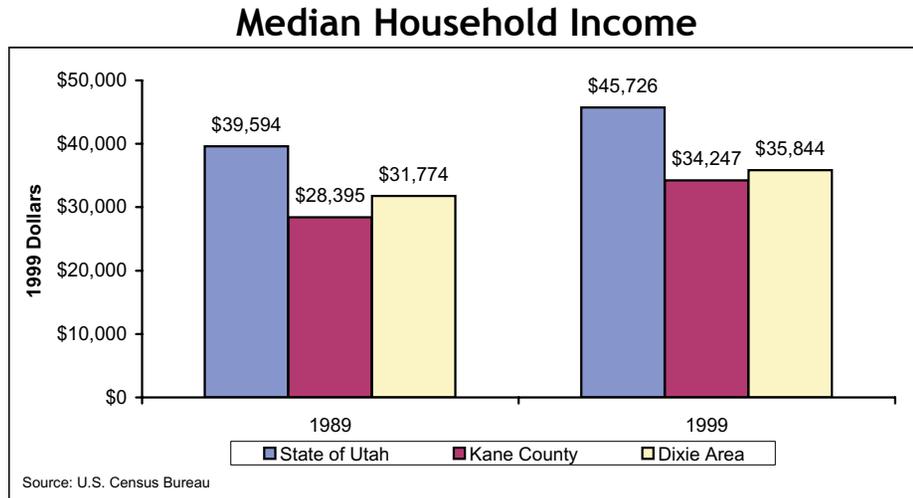
**Unemployment: 1980-2002**  
**Kane County vs. State**



**Median Household Income: 1989 & 1999  
Utah vs. Kane County vs. Dixie Area**

The median household income figures for Kane County were lower than those in the Dixie Forest Area for both 1989 and 1999.

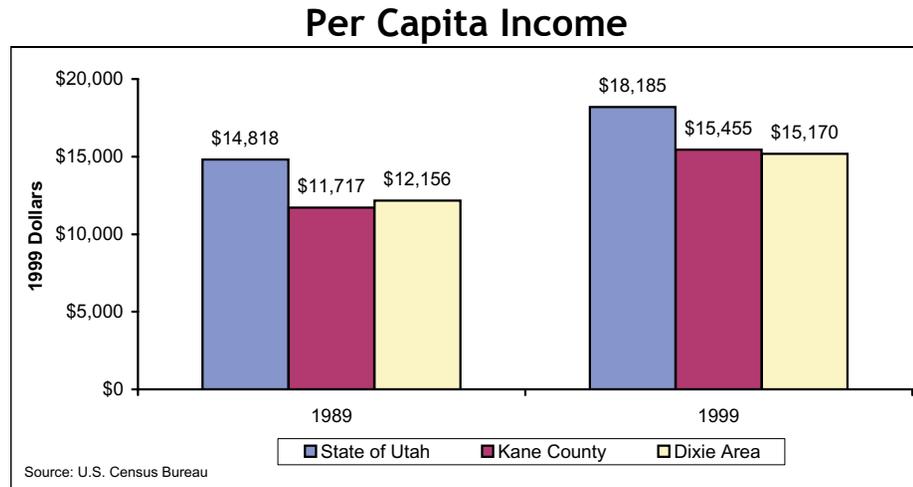
Note: The Dixie Area consists of Garfield, Kane, Iron, Washington, Wayne and Piute Counties.



**Per Capita Income: 1989 & 1999  
Utah vs. Kane County vs. Dixie Area**

The per capita income figures for Kane County were lower than the Dixie Area in 1989, but close to average in 1999.

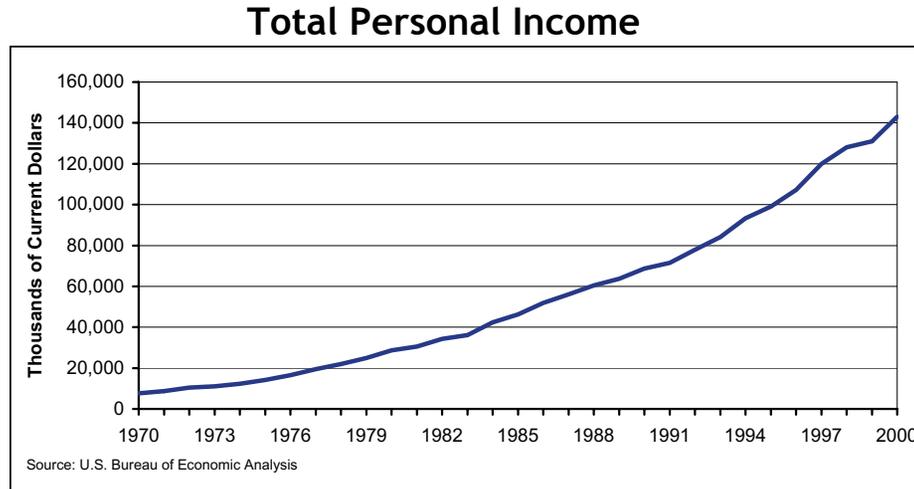
Note: 1989 income values have been adjusted to 1999 constant dollars by dividing 1989 dollar values by a deflator factor of 0.744298.



**Total Personal Income: 1970-2000  
Kane County**

Personal income has been on the rise in Kane County for the past 30 years.

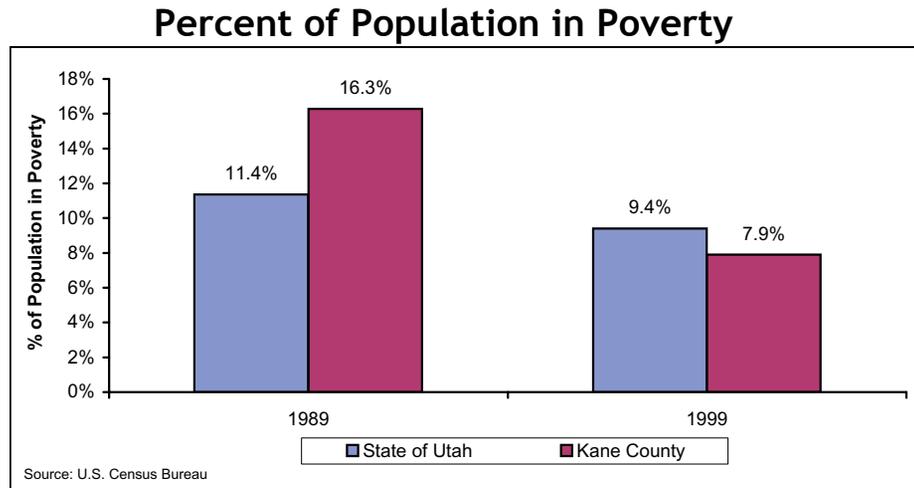
Note: These numbers have not been inflation adjusted. Total personal income is a measure of regional economic growth, comparable to the Gross Domestic Product.



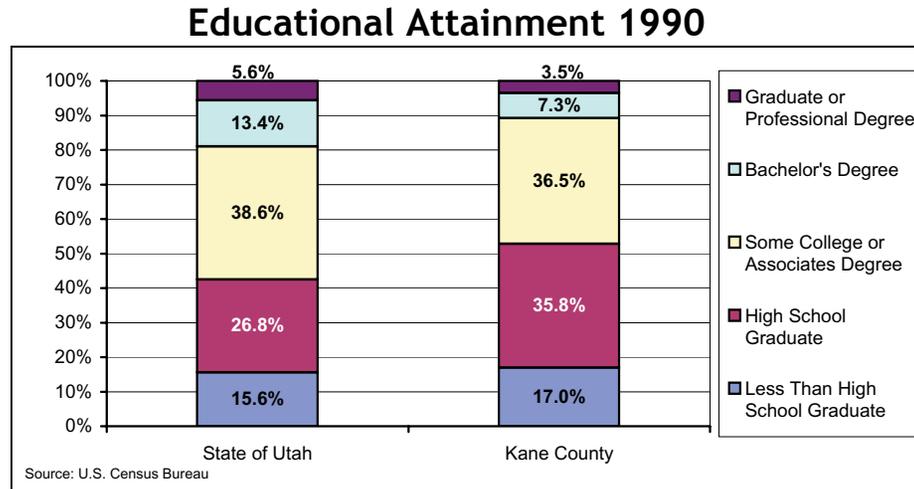
**Population in Poverty: 1989-1999  
Utah vs. Kane County**

The percent of the population in poverty decreased 8.4% in Kane County from 1989 to 1999, compared with a 2.0% decrease in the state.

Note: Poverty is calculated by median household income to a nationally calculated "poverty threshold" for a family of 4 people, including 2 children. The poverty threshold in 1999 was \$16,895.

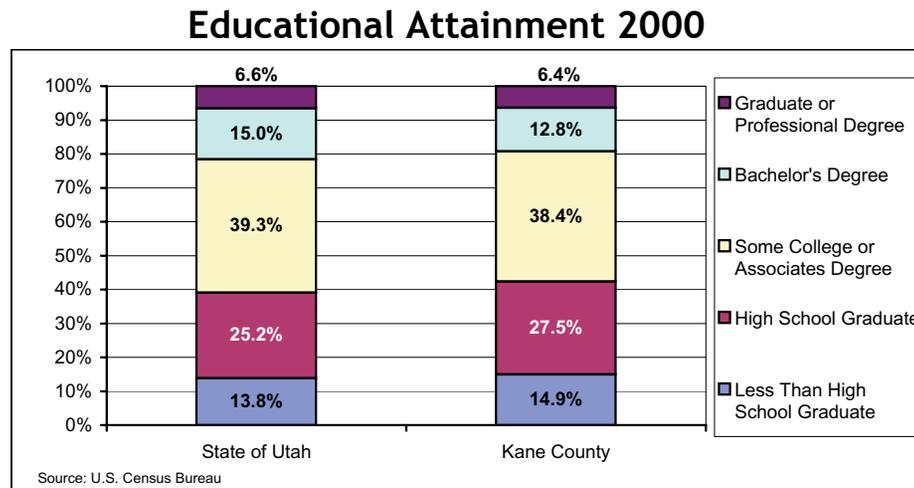


**Educational Attainment: 1990  
Utah vs. Kane County**



**Educational Attainment: 2000  
Utah vs. Kane County**

The percent of Kane County residents with some form of post-secondary education increased from 1990 to 2000.



Note: Educational attainment figures are for the population 18 years and older.